## Exam 1

## Student Name:

$\qquad$

## Student ID\#:

$\qquad$

Each problem is worth 5 points. Give a complete solution to receive the full credit!

1. Replace the question mark by $<,>$, or $=$, whichever is correct.
(a) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-2013} ? 2^{2013}$
(b) $\frac{1}{3} ? 0.33333333333$
(c) $\sqrt[6]{2} ? \sqrt[3]{\frac{\sqrt{18}}{3}}$
(d) $e^{-2} ? \frac{1}{e^{-2}}$
(e) $\sqrt{2} ? 1.4142136$
2. Find the real values $z$ for which function $f(z)=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{z-7}$ is defined.
3. Suppose that $f(x)=3 x+1$. Simplify the expression $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$ where $h \neq 0$.
4. Simplify expression:

$$
\sqrt[3]{\frac{(y z)^{-3}}{y z \sqrt[7]{y}}}
$$

Express the answer so that all exponents are positive.
5. Find the remainder when $1+x^{3}-\frac{2}{3} x$ is divided by $\frac{2}{5} x+1$.
6. Factor the polynomial $P_{3}(x)=x^{3}+x-2$. Hint: You might want to try grouping.
7. Perform the indicated operations and simplify. Leave your answer in factored form.

$$
\frac{x+2}{x^{2}-1}-\frac{x+1}{x^{2}+x-2}
$$

8. How many real solutions does the equation $x^{2}-\pi x+2013=0$ have?
9. Evaluate $\frac{1}{(3-i)^{2}}$.
10. Find the zeros of the logistic map $f(x)=4 x(1-x)$.
